

WOMEN

Needling, renewed strength, or who suffer from
irregularities peculiar to their sex, should try

This medicine combines iron with pure vegetable
tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to
Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It
riches and purifies the blood, stimulates the
Appetite, strengthens the Muscles and
Nerves—in fact, thoroughly invigorates.
Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth.
It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or
produce constipation—all other iron medicines do.
Mrs. Elizabeth Barker, 74 Farrell Ave., Milwan-
kee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 26th, 1884:
"I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been
more than a doctor to me, having cured me of the
weakness I have in life. Also cured me of Liver
Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and
good. It has also been beneficial to my children."
Mrs. Louisa O. Braden, East Lockport, N. Y.,
says: "I have suffered untold misery from Female
Complaint, and could obtain relief from nothing
except Brown's Iron Bitters."
Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines
on wrapper. Beware of cheap imitations sold only by
BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

T. H. N. SMITH,

DENTIST.

Nitrous-Oxide, or laughing gas
used for the painless extraction of
teeth. Office on Court Street.

C. W. WARDLE,

Dentist.

Nitrous-Oxide Gas administered. Office
Corner Second and Sutton streets, Zweigert
Block.

LANE & WORKMAN,

Contractors.

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

Plans and specifications furnished on reason-
able terms and all work satisfactorily and
promptly done. Office on Third street, be-
tween Wall and Sutton.

JOHN CRANE,

—House, Sign and—

Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All
work neatly executed. Office
and shop, south side of Third street, west of
new jail. a19dly

ALLAN D. COLE,

LAWYER,

will practice in the courts of Mason and ad-
joining counties, the Superior Court and
Court of Appeals. Special attention given to
Collections and to Real Estate. Court street,
Maysville, Ky.

G. W. BULSER,

(Court Street, Maysville, Ky.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will practice in the courts of Mason and ad-
joining counties. Prompt attention given to
collection of claims and accounts. Also to Fire
Insurance, and the buying, selling and rent-
ing of houses, lots and lands, and the writing
of deeds, mortgages, contracts, etc. a19dly

WALL & WORTHINGTON,

{ GARRETT & WALL,
E. L. WORTHINGTON

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Will practice in all courts in Mason and ad-
joining counties and in the Superior Court
and Court of Appeals. All collections given
prompt attention. a19dly

LAW CARD.

J. H. SALLIE, Commonwealth's Atty.
G. L. SALLIE, Notary Public.

SALLIE & SALLIE,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
will attend to collections and a general law
practice in civil cases in Mason and adjoining
counties. Fire Insurance and Real Estate
Agents. All letters answered promptly. Of-
fice: No. 12 Court street, Maysville, Ky.

S. J. DAUGHERTY,

—Designer and dealer in—

MONUMENTS, TABLETS.

Headstones, &c. The largest stock of the
latest designs. The best material and work
ever offered in this section of the state, at
reduced prices. Those wanting work in Granite
or Marble are invited to call and see for
themselves. Second street, Maysville.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Ice Cream and Soda Water a specialty.
Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and de-
livered to G. W. Geisel's grocery store.
Weddings furnished on short notice. No. 22
Second street.

JOHN WHEELER,

—Dealer in—

FISH, GAME

Foreign and Domestic Fishes, Celery, Canned
Goods, &c. Norfolk Oysters received every
twenty-four hours.

REMOVAL.

Henry Mergard has removed his Merchant
Tailoring establishment to Second street,
next door to G. W. Geisel's grocery store.
Call and examine my samples of Foreign
and Domestic Goods from the large wholesale
houses of New York. Suits made to order on
more reasonable terms than any other house
in the city, and fit guaranteed.WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS
Of the body enlarged and strengthened. Call earlier
than usual for FREE MED. CO. BUFFALO, N.Y.

WASHINGTON DISPATCHES

WHAT THE AMERICANS PAY FOR THE
EXPENSE OF HER ARMIES.Some Interesting Figures Concerning
Wars That Are Passed and Gone—The
Salaries of Our Army Officers—Contract
Labor Act—Other Washington News.WASHINGTON, May 30.—While Washing-
ton is full of soldiers, who, although not ex-
perienced in battle or war, form our army
that must protect our flag in any war we
might become engaged in, until volunteer
troops could be drilled in the manual; it may
not be amiss to go back through the records
and give some figures concerning war that
are past and gone. While only about eight
nations of the globe spend more on their
armies than does this government, we have
always maintained a very small regular
army.The reason of the great cost of that small
army may be found in the fact that our offi-
cers and privates are paid much more lib-
eral salaries than those of most foreign na-
tions. Our army costs us annually about
\$40,000,000. This, however, is only seventy-
eight cents to each inhabitant. There are
twenty-one other countries whose armies
cost them more per capita than this.The highest is France; she pays \$3.23 for
each inhabitant. Great Britain, next in line
pays \$2.57 per capita. Russia has the largest
standing army in the world, 790,000, with a
war footing of 2,300,000. She also pays
more for it than any one else. Every year
\$125,500,000 are expended in keeping this
gigantic body of men together. The per
capita cost is \$1.27. Only one nation in the
world has a larger army on a war footing
than the United States and that is France.
Her army at high water mark is a 700,000.
During the recent rumpus between the
states, however, there were on the Federal
side alone 2,900,000. There are no authentic
records of the armies of the south. But if
they were one half as large as their opponent
we could have placed in the field an army of
4,200,000 in the sixties. For such an in-
significant and small a country the Nether-
land keep a very good sized army. They ex-
pend \$9,000,000 a year on their army of 60,
000 men. This is a per capita cost of \$2.03.A table compiled at the treasury depart-
ment from official records showing the
amounts expended on our army for each
year from 1787 to 1886 exhibits some inter-
esting facts. From 1789 to 1791 only about
\$600,000 was expended. The most expensive
year was 1805, when our army expenses
reached the enormous sum of \$1,080,000,400.
We made another plunge three years after
the close of the war, in 1808, and spent over
\$123,000,000. Since that date the expendi-
tures have ranged all the way from \$32,000,
000 in 1878 to \$78,000,000 in 1880. In 1886
the expenditures were \$14,324,153. The grand
total of money expended in the maintenance
of our armed land forces from 1789 to 1886 is
\$4,559,419,934, nearly one-fourth of which
was used in 1865.

Contract Labor Act.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—An inquiry was
recently submitted to the treasury depart-
ment whether the persons living in Windsor,
opposite Detroit, and engaged in clerical po-
sitions in Detroit could be included in the
law prohibiting the importation of foreign
labor in this country under contract. As-
sistant Secretary Maynard says they must
be included if the law is rigidly enforced.
In his judgment it was not the intention of
congress to keep out that class of laborers,
but the law was loosely drawn and is subject
to other construction. All along the Cana-
dian border hundreds of such are em-
ployed in American houses who make their
homes in Canada.In many cases the employes have always
been British subjects and others have made
their homes there on account of the cheap
rates of living. The treasury department,
it is understood, will not attempt to enforce
the law in this case unless complaint is
made, when it would be compelled to forbid
the continuance of this practice. The en-
forcement of the law would entail several
hardships upon thousands of people. It is
thought that congress will be asked next
winter to make some provisions for this
class of employes. In the meantime it af-
fords another strong argument in favor of
the annexation of Canada to the United
States now being agitated.

Battery B Wins.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Battery B of
Cincinnati, carried off the first prize at the
competitive drill. Its competitor for the
prize was Battery A, of Louisville. The
following movements were gone through:
First loading and firing; second, moving
piece by hand; third, detachments; fourth,
limbering and unlimbering; fifth, mechanical
movements.

Listing Silver Certificates.

New York, May 30.—E. E. Willard and
others interested in the listing of silver cer-
tificates at the stock exchange were solicit-
ing signatures to the following addresses to-
day: "The application to list silver certifi-
cates has been referred back by the govern-
ment committee to the committee on stock list
for further information. The sub-commit-
tee will meet on Tuesday. It is hoped that
all members of the stock exchange who feel
an interest in this very important matter will
either appear before the committee or send
their views in writing to S. T. Russell, chair-
man. The issue of silver certificates, which
will be made as soon as the plates can be pre-
pared, is a matter that affects the financial
and commercial interests of the United
States to such an extent that it is important
that action should be taken by the stock ex-
change as soon as possible."

Visited by Ku-Klux.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 30.—Miles
Hammond, a wealthy farmer of Walker
county, Georgia, was visited by ku-klux a
few nights ago. Two weeks ago young Miss
Kindrick, belonging to one of the best fam-
ilies in the state, was outraged by a negro.
He was captured and came near being
lynched. Hammond, it seems, did not like
Miss Kindrick, and started scandalous re-
ports. A band of masked men fantastically
attired, rode to Hammond's home at mid-
night and whipped him. A bucket of tar
and sack of feathers, which had evidently
been intended for Hammond, were found
near his house.

PECULIAR LAW SUIT.

A Son Sues His Father For the Enforce-
ment of a Promise Made Years Ago.CHICAGO, May 30.—Father and son were
opposing litigants in a law suit before Judge
Gaffney to-day. They were George Strong,
Sr., a frosty-haired old gentleman from
Wheeling, and George Strong, Jr., a middle-
aged man, who sued for the enforcement of a
contract made years ago by the father. It
was in 1864. Mr. Strong, senior, at that time
was the owner of a tidy lot of real estate.
Many years before that he came from the
east, purchasing a 200-acre farm at Wheel-
ing, and settled down to till the land. At
various times he added to his property hold-
ings until, in 1864, he was a wealthy man,
and he decided to do the handsome thing by
his children. George's bill of complaint fur-
nishes the data for this version of the story,
and in this document it is said old Mr.
Strong made the following proposition:
"To his two sons, George, the complainant,
and Joseph, a younger child, Mr. Strong of-
fered to give the homestead, provided they
would live on it till the younger was twenty-
one, pay all the taxes and keep the land in
good order. This property was to be di-
vided equally between both boys. George
avows that he and brother assented to the
proposition and faithfully carried out their
part of the contract, but declares the old
man broke his. The court said that while
possibly there was some justice in the claim,
there was no law authorizing him to compel
the defendant to deed over the property as
he had promised to do.

A Rubber Monopoly.

NEW YORK, May 30.—It is understood that
a meeting was held some time ago by a num-
ber of leading rubber manufacturers, the ob-
ject of which was the formation of a "Rub-
ber Trust." It is believed that no definite
combination was effected, but that arrange-
ments were agreed upon that will secure its
final consummation. Earl Brothers and
Flint & Co., of this city, and G. A. Alden &
Co., of Boston, are the originators of the
scheme. Earl Brothers acknowledge there is
some truth in the story but refuse any further
information. This country consumes two-
thirds of all the crude rubber produced in the
world, and a combination which could con-
trol this entire business would have a gigantic
monopoly.

A Job for the Justice.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Justice Duffy, in the
Tomb's police court, this morning, re-
ceived a letter from a Mrs. S. L. Straus, of
Hannibal, O., directed to "An Honest Jus-
tice of the Peace." In the letter the lady
states that she purchased \$11.25 worth of
goods from a dry goods house in this city,
and an express company which was given
the package to forward failed to bring it to
her. She asks the judge to get the price of
the goods from the express company and
send it to her, and then collect his fee from
the express company.

Northwestern Crop.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 30.—Special re-
ports to the Pioneer Press show that crop-
ing in Northern Minnesota and Dakota are in
good condition. In Southern Minnesota and
some of the older countries there are com-
plaints of rain needed, as the recent shower
are not sufficient. The drought in central
Wisconsin continues unbroken, and wheat is
actually suffering, though corn looks well.
Rain is also needed in Northern Iowa, though
no damage is yet reported.

Natural Gas for Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 30.—Indianapolis will
have natural gas. Judge Martindale, presi-
dent of the Indianapolis Gas company, said
this morning that his company would ac-
cept the provisions of the ordinance recently
passed by the council, and pipe the gas into
the city. The ordinance fixes the price to
be charged for the gas, and provides that gas
shall be furnished to all the city buildings
free of charge.

Big Time at Portland.

PORTLAND, Ind., May 30.—Our city was
visited by 1,000 people from Fort Wayne
and Richmond Friday to see our gas wells.
Ben Butterworth, of Cincinnati, addressed a
large audience on the benefits of natural
gas, and predicted a brilliant future for
Portland. With the last well here and wells
at Dunkirk, this county, makes the output
every twenty-four hours fifty million feet in
Jay county.

Score Another for Texas.

TYLER, Tex., May 30.—A scientific expert
from Philadelphia, who, together with sev-
eral gentlemen of his place, has for some
weeks been testing the mineral resources of
this section, and tributary to Tyler, reports that
these sections contain enough iron ore of a
quality superior to that of Pennsylvania and
Alabama to supply all the foundries in the
world for one hundred years.

Natural Gas Explosion.

MARION, Ind., May 30.—The natural gas
works at the Fairmount works ignited from
an explosion caused by the night watchman's
lantern, and destroyed the building and der-
rick. The pipes were also blown out, and
the gas is now burning beyond control, fully
12,000,000 being consumed daily. James
Payne and George Rachel, employes, were
seriously burned.

Leg Terribly Crushed.

BUYERUS, O., May 30.—While James Ken-
dall was assisting in unloading a heavy mon-
ument, it slipped off the plank down which it
was being slid, and caught Albert Kendall's
leg, crushing and mangle it so severely
that the doctors think amputation will be
necessary to save the man's life.

Street Car Strike Spreading.

NEW YORK, May 30.—It is not improbable
that there may be a tie-up on the Park
avenue horse car lines in Brooklyn. The di-
rectors of the Indianapolis road, whose em-
ployees are on a strike, are also interested in
this Brooklyn line. The Indianapolis
strike threatens to extend also to Cleve-
land, because Cleveland street car men have
a controlling interest in the Indianapolis
line.

German Bark Seized.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—Customs offi-
cers have seized the German bark Nautilus,
recently from Hamburg. The vessel was
searched and \$3,000 worth of Havana cigars
and French brandy found. The brandy was
contained in boxes labeled "Salt Pork." The
search will be continued and a number of
arrests will probably be made.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

R. G. DUN & CO.'S SPECIAL REPORT
OF THE CONDITION OF BUSINESS.The Crop Prospects Greatly Improved By
Recent Heavy Rains Where Most
Needed—Effect of the Interstate Com-
merce Law—Financial Outlook.NEW YORK, May 30.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s
weekly trade review says: The most impor-
tant news of the week is also the best—that
crop prospects have decidedly improved. In
view of the great speculations in wheat and
cotton, and the false reports carefully circu-
lated by interested parties, it is of service to
know that our own agents telegraph from
Wisconsin, "Local rains have helped the ag-
ricultural districts;" from Minnesota, "Rains
throughout the northwest very materially
improve crop prospects;" from Kansas City,
"Prospects excellent for exceptionally large
crops, recent copious rains of great benefit;"
and from New Orleans, "Crop prospects gen-
erally good," and these are samples of
favorable dispatches from nearly all quar-
ters.The fear of injury thus far seems satis-
factorily removed, and if harm to wheat or
cotton is to come, it must be from climatic
influences in the future. This good news to
the whole country is disheartening, however,
when financial prospects have come to de-
pend upon the success of gigantic specula-
tions for an advance in prices of products.
The financial future is also affected by the
large receipts of the treasury, amounting,
for ten months and twenty days, to \$31,612,
867 more than receipts for the same part of
the previous year. At the same rate the
treasury must take from the markets a very
large sum every month, after the last call
for three per cent. matures July 8, and was
hinged on dispatches stating that the admin-
istration will purchase bonds with great re-
luctance, if at all.The last statement of the New York banks
showed an increase of loans and reserves, be-
cause Mr. Manning's new bank was the first
time included, but the drain of money to
Chicago to meet the demands of speculation,
still continues, the return to that point from
the interior being retarded by real estate and
other activity extensively prevailing.Foreign commerce does not improve.
April imports exceeded exports by \$15,973,
975, an excess equalled in one month of 1882,
after the partial failure of crops, and in no
other month since 1872. New York exports
to May fell 1.7 per cent. below those of last
year by 17.3 per cent. which would fore-
shadow an excess of about \$14,000,000 in im-
ports this month.The prevailing speculations, rather than
the interstate act, cause the decline in ex-
ports, for shipments of grain by lake and
rail are made without regard to local rates.
In cotton the exports are hardly a quarter
of those of May, 1886, and artificial prices for
pork products also cause a decrease of ship-
ments.The interstate commission has not yet re-
voked its order of suspension, but all infor-
mation tends to the belief that it will do so,
and points to a rigid enforcement of the act.
Much complaint is made even now, with the
rate-for-distance rule and everywhere en-
forced, of the transfer of trade from large to
smaller towns, and from eastern to interior
cities.A great number of suits commenced and
complaints filed indicate that costs of trans-
portation will be increased rather than di-
minished. Earnings still are large and en-
couraging, but a war of rates in the north-
west results from "milling in transit" con-
tracts issued by the St. Paul and other
roads, and the competition of Canadian and
water routes is felt more severely every
week.Accounts from nearly all quarters are de-
cidedly favorable. At Philadelphia trade is
languid, and there is some complaint of slow
collections; at New Orleans money is rather
tighter, and at Cincinnati collections are
fair, with room for improvement, but other
reports indicate active trade for the season,
a good supply of money for all legitimate
business and collections satisfactorily prompt.In the iron trade, Pittsburgh hopes to see
many "banked" furnaces set at work again
by a reduction in the price of coke and the
termination of the strike. It is also be-
lieved at Detroit that the great strike of
stove molders will end this week, and work
be resumed. A better trade in tobacco is
noted at Cincinnati, and the real estate ex-
citement does not abate. The great sale at
West Nashville resulted satisfactorily, with
heavy purchases by eastern investors, and
prices are sustained with great confidence at
Omaha and other western points by more fa-
vorable crop prospects.The coffee market, after a week of ad-
vancing prices, declined sharply Friday
morning. Wheat gained little during the
week, and the collapse of the clique is by
many apprehended. Hogs and pork pro-
ducts, with cattle, were a shade lower, and
sugar, cotton and oil a little stronger. No
definite improvement appears in the market
for woolen goods, and the great auction
sale of flannels causes hesitation, but the
market for cottons is healthy and strong.The business failures during the last seven
days number for the United States 138, for
Canada 22, a total of 175 against 180 last
week, and 181 the corresponding week of
last year.

THREE FATALITIES.

Three People Killed by Lightning in the
Vicinity of Saratoga.SARATOGA, N. Y., May 30.—Three fatali-
ties were caused by yesterday afternoon's
storms in this vicinity. About 5:30 o'clock
Morris Harris, a tenant on the Greenfield es-
tate of the Hon. T. B. Carroll, was instantly
killed by lightning which struck his wagon
house, in which he had taken refuge from the
storm. The wagon house was damaged
\$500. Harris leaves a family.At Mechanicville, Charles Warren was
struck and instantly killed by the electric
fluid while at work on Orley Bowen's barn.In Hartford, Washington county, while
Ira Warren and three sons were engaged in
cutting seed potatoes in the storehouse of
their farm, a thunderbolt entered at the cor-
ner of the building, killing Henry, aged
fifteen years, and stunning the other three,
who, however, soon recovered.

Indian Outbreak Feared.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 30.—Another Indian
outbreak now appears certain. This time be-
tween the Canadian Bloods and the Ameri-
can Grosventres. Some time ago the Gros-
ventres crossed the line, killed several Bloods
and ran off 100 of their horses. Thursday
the Bloods retaliated by going into the Gros-
ventres country and attacking the American
Indians. Several of the latter were killed
and forty horses captured by the Canadians.
Both tribes have donned their war paint
and a "battle involving" all the Indians on
each side of the line is more than probable.
A large detachment of mounted police is on
its way to the scene of the trouble and will
try to effect a settlement.

Presidential Party at Prospect House.

UPPER SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., May 30.—
The presidential party has arrived at Pros-
pect house, having driven over in buck
boards from Paul Smith's, where they left
the train. They are quartered in Dr. Dun-
ton's cottage, near Prospect house. The trip
by rail was not very eventful. Short stops
were made at Rutland, Burlington, Man-
chester, St. Albans and Malone, and the
president shook hands with as many persons
in the crowds as could be reached from the
car platform where he stood. There were
speeches. Dr. and Mrs. Roseman, of Brook-
lyn, accompanied the party.

Confessed to Murder on His Death-Bed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 30.—Wallace
Christian, of Fisherville, Ind., confessed on
his death-bed recently that he had murdered
his brother fifteen years ago for the sake of
the property they had jointly accumulated,
and hurled the body under the hearth of
their residence. The remains of the mur-
dered brother were found yesterday and
buried beside the grave of Wallace. The
crime was never suspected, as Wallace had
given out that Isaac had gone to Florida,
and the complete verification of the confes-
sion has caused great excitement in Fish-
erville.

Escaped From Sing Sing.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Henry Stewart,
who was sentenced last November to ten
years imprisonment for robbery, escaped
from Sing Sing prison yesterday. He was
employed in the laundry, and it is con-
jectured that he secreted himself in a packing
case, where he remained until after the case
had been lifted into a railroad car and the
car closed. A convict's suit was found in
the car, and it is considered certain that the
men employed in removing the cases from
the laundry were in league with him. A
reward of \$50 has been offered for his recap-
ture.

Gets Three Years in the Pen.

PORTSMOUTH, O., May 30.—Judge Dever
this morning sentenced Charley Williams, a
fourteen-year-old boy, to three years in the
penitentiary for manslaughter. Williams
killed Benjamin Ball, Sr., several weeks ago.
Young Williams' parents occupied a house
rented from Ball. On the day of the mur-
der young Williams and some other boys
were playing with fire in the yard, and it be-
ing a windy day, Ball, who saw the boys,
remonstrated, fearing destruction of prop-
erty, and in the quarrel which ensued Wil-
liams shot and fatally wounded the old man.

Thirty-Five Families Burned Out.

NEW ORLEANS, May 30.—Yesterday after-
noon a fire broke out in front of the Sixth
district of the old city of Jefferson, and the
best part of four blocks was destroyed.
Thirty tenements, a school house and a fac-
tory were burned, and a great deal of other
property was ruined. The loss amounts to
\$500,000; divided among thirty-five families,
some of whom owned their homes and lost
everything.

Charlie Ross Heard From Again.

PHILADELPHIA, May 30.—Christian K.
Ross, the father of the lost Charley Ross,
received a visit from a stranger yesterday,
who told him that his son was serving a sen-
tence in a Connecticut prison. Mr. Ross has
been so much distressed and tormented with
false reports for the past thirteen years or
thereabouts that he does not place much
faith in the man's story.

National Convention of Dunkers.

EATON, O., May 30.—The annual National
convention of the German Baptists, better
known as the dunkers or trunks, will begin
its session in a grove four miles southeast of
here to-morrow, on the farm of Josiah
Furray, and will continue for several days.
The attendance will be very large, and rep-
resentatives will be here from all parts of
the United States.

Hallestones as Large as Walnuts.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, May 30.—A heavy
rain, followed by the most severe hailstorm
known for years, passed over this place last
evening. The hailstones ranged up to the
size of a walnut, and a great deal of glass
was broken. The extent of the storm is not
known, but in its course growing crops were
much beaten and damaged.

Terribly Injured.

TIFFIN, O., May 30.—Ralph Allen, aged
ten, son of C. B. Allen, fell from a shade
tree on to an iron fence yesterday evening,
running an iron picket into his thigh about
five inches. It required two men to pull him
off, and the injury will probably result
fatally.

New Legislative Candidate.

DANVILLE, Ky., May 30.—Gen. Speed S.
Fry will make the race for the legislature in
this county against the Democratic nominee,
W. J. Lyle. The fight promises to be a
lively one.

Indian School Burned.

FORT MADISON, Iowa, May 30.—The large
brick structure, known as White's Manual
Labor institute, twenty miles west of this
city, used as a school for a large number of
Indian children, burned to the ground yester-
day afternoon. No particulars.

\$7,000 Damages.

OSHKOSH, Wis., May 30.—In the case of
Mrs. M. Tolliver vs. the Wisconsin Central
railway, for \$50,000 damages for injuries re-
ceived in an accident between Ashland and
Eau Claire, the jury awarded \$7,000 to the
plaintiff. She sued for \$50,000.

Death of an Old Showman.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Lewis B. Lent, for
fifty years a showman, died at his home
here aged seventy-four, on Thursday. He had
made and lost several fortunes, and died a
rich man.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.
THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 30, 1887.

Financial Condition of Kentucky.

The Covington Commonwealth says: "The Maysville Republican is wasting its time in an effort to excite prejudice against the Democratic party of Kentucky on account of the financial condition of the State. The people are not at all disturbed by that question. If they think about it all they are thankful that the debt is so small and the financial condition of the State so good."

There is probably not another State in the Union in better financial condition than Kentucky.

Kentucky has a small debt, the amount of which would not worry the people of a thriving town of 10,000 inhabitants.

There is not an intimation that a dollar of the people's money has been stolen under Democratic administration of the State affairs.

It is simply impossible for the Republicans to convince the people that they would have managed affairs with more prudence.

The history of the Republican party is marked by extravagant use of the people's money.

The Republican is ploughing a barren field."

THE Observer says the reason Phil Armour is shipping Chicago beef to Lexington is because the local butchers have been making fifteen-cent meat out of three-cent cows.

THE assessed value of property in Fayette County, as reported by the State Board of Equalization, amounts to \$20,893,281, and the county levy of Fayette has been fixed at 38 cents on the \$100, which will yield about \$76,000 taxes.

At Louisville, the other day, a lawsuit involving \$25 was brought in the justice court of a German Magistrate. The lawyers on either side were Germans. The jury summoned were Germans, and the case was tried throughout in that tongue. Mein Got!

THE Republicans are prating a good deal about illiteracy in Kentucky. There may be, and undoubtedly are, a good many people in this State who cannot read and write, but they are not all here. Massachusetts has over 120,000 in that condition, and Massachusetts is a Republican State, and has been one for years.

THERE are booms and booms—a Blaine boom, a Sherman boom, an Allison boom and a dozen other booms—but the boss boom of them all is the Grover Cleveland boom. He is on top, and there is not a sensible politician in the land who does not feel that the country is at his back, and his re-election next year a most probable event.

THE postoffice at Drennon Springs would not have been discontinued had Mr. Blaine been elected President. It was at Drennon Springs that Prof. J. G. Blaine received his mail during the latter half of his life in Kentucky, and it was there that he made love to a Kentucky woman long after his alleged secret marriage to his present wife. Drennon Springs may have another show in '89.

"THE EVENING BULLETIN says the Odd-fellows of Richmond, Ky., will give a picnic on the 15th of June. As the BULLETIN never makes a mistake, we presume the Odd-fellows of Richmond will have to change their date. The official announcement, which is before us, says the picnic will be given on "Wednesday, June 22nd."—Daily Republican.

THE BULLETIN has no apology to make for its statement that the picnic would be held June 15th. We got the information either from the Richmond Herald or some other paper published in Central Kentucky. We might add that the Republican didn't discover the alleged mistake. As usual it had to rely on an outsider.

Pithy Points From Washington.

It may appear a little higher-toned to sell whisky by the quart than by the drink, but the man who sells by the quart does infinitely more harm than the one who sells it by the drink.

What does it matter to some men, so as they are making money, how many of their fellows they succeed in ruining by the nefarious business of selling whisky?

What do some men care how many poor children go to bed hungry and wretched, so that they get the money which should go to buy these children food and clothing?

We contend that the liquor traffic in any of its branches is a supremely selfish one, and that were it not for the money made out of it men would shun it as they do the plague.

One reason that the whisky business carries such a high head is because it is winked at by so many. Now no man who handles it in any way ought to be countenanced by the church, no matter if he gives every cent he makes to it.

There is one place where no fault can

be found with the working of prohibition. We mean a steamboat where no whisky is sold. On one of these you now see no disgusting exhibition of drunkenness, hear no vile nor profane talk, see no gambling &c. What a change for the better!

The Big Sandy Company deserves the thanks of every man and woman, who regards decency, in that they have done away with the administration of whisky on their boats, and their line should be patronized by all who value sobriety and virtue.

Who would not rather trust his or her life on a boat where the captain, pilot and others who had her in charge, were known to be sober men, rather than on one where whisky ruled? We are of the opinion that even a whisky dealer would prefer the former.

Let no man for a moment roll it as a sweet morsel under his tongue that because he is a druggist or grocer and sells whisky by the quart, he is one whit above the man who hands the same abominable stuff across the counter; for they are all in the same craft, and all any of them are after is the money, and none of them care a banbee whose children are crying for bread, so as they hear the jingle of this.

"The Slough of Despondency"

in which you are wallowing, on account of some of those diseases peculiar to you, Madame, and which have robbed you of the rosy hue of health, and made life a burden to you, you can easily get out of. Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will free you from all such troubles, and soon recall the rose-tint of health to your cheek, and the elasticity to your step. It is a most perfect specific for all the weakness and irregularities peculiar to your sex. It cures ulceration, displacements, "internal fever," bearing-down sensations, removes the tendency to cancerous affections, and corrects all unnatural discharges. By druggists.

City Items.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

Ask your grocer for Foerster's City Butter Crackers. They are the best.

All kinds of home and Southern vegetables, strawberries, etc., at G. H. Helser's.

The latest styles of wall paper and ceiling decorations, at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s drug and book store.

Our display of seasonable dry goods is very fine. Remember we are never undersold. PAUL HOEFELICH & BRO.

Carpets, carpets—The handsomest line ever seen in Maysville at positively the lowest price. PAUL HOEFELICH & BRO.

D. Hunt & Son have the handsomest display of carpets in the city. Their prices are the lowest. See them. m8t

G. W. Blatterman & Co. carry a very large stock of mouldings, including all latest styles, and solicit orders for framing. A variety of pictures, all styles, including some fine oil paintings by distinguished foreign artists.

COOPER'S HALL.—Riffe & Henderson, the prescription druggists, are paying special attention to the prescription business, and have a stock of drugs, medicines and chemicals which they guarantee to be the best. Pure wine and liquors, toilet articles and stationery of every description, sponges and chamois, face powder and perfumes, imported tooth brushes, &c. Give them a call and be convinced that you can save money. Prescriptions filled day or night by competent men. RIFFE & HENDERSON.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles and was cured of rheumatism of ten years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the liver, kidneys or blood. Only half a dollar a bottle at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s and S. P. Campbell & Co.'s, Aberdeen, O.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial bottles of this great discovery for consumption free at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s and S. P. Campbell & Co.'s, Aberdeen, O.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee, 1 lb.	20c	25c
Molasses, new crop, per gal.	40c	70c
Molasses, old crop, 1/2 gal.	25c	
Golden Syrup	30c	
Sorghum, Fancy New	20c	
Sugar, yellow, 1 lb.	5c	5c
Sugar, extra C, 1 lb.	6c	7c
Sugar A, 1 lb.	7c	
Sugar, granulated, 1 lb.	7c	
Sugar, powdered, per lb.	8c	
Sugar, New Orleans, 1 lb.	8c	
Tea, 1 lb.	50c	1.00
Coal Oil, head light, 1/2 gal.	15c	
Apples, per peck	40c	50c
Bacon, breakfast, 1 lb.	12c	
Bacon, clear sides, per lb.	9c	10c
Bacon, Hams, 1 lb.	12c	14c
Bacon, Shoulders, per lb.	9c	10c
Beans, 1 gal.	25c	
Butter, 1 lb.	12c	15c
Chicken, each	20c	30c
Eggs, 1 doz.	10c	
Flour, Limestone, per barrel	35c	75c
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel	5c	75c
Flour, Mayville, per barrel	5c	75c
Flour, Mason County, per barrel	5c	75c
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel	5c	75c
Flour, Maysville Family, per barrel	5c	75c
Flour, Graham, per sack	45c	
Honey, per lb.	10c	
Hominy, 1/2 gallon	10c	
Meal, 1 peck	15c	
Lard, 1 lb.	8c	10c
Onions, per peck	5c	5c
Potatoes, 1 peck	20c	25c

OUR ACQUIRED TASTES.

THEIR GREAT INFLUENCE OVER THE MIND AS WELL AS BODY.

The Overpowering Desire for the Bizarre and Abnormal—Malformations and Monstrosities—A More Agreeable Side of This Question—Artificial Wants.

But it is not alone in the grosser forms that acquired tastes show their enormous power and influence. Dissipation is not synonymous with intoxication or narcotism, and may and does exist in things less material than appetites and carnal desires and passions. The intellect, the will, the mind, the soul—call it which name you will—is subject to the same general law and equally under the dominion of acquired tastes.

As an illustration, take the numerous examples of the overpowering desire for the bizarre and abnormal which has characterized so many men, and women, too, of undoubted intellect and rare mental powers. It may be assumed that no sane person is born with a taste for the hideous; that no woman is by nature attracted to scenes of cruelty; that no man of education or refinement takes a natural delight in visiting scenes of gross debauchery or witnessing the lowest forms of bestial sensuality. Yet history, and modern history at that, is full of instances of men and women who have become infatuated with all these things, and whose chief and only pleasure has been in seeing, hearing and reading incidents of cruelty, of bloodshed and of unbridled licentiousness.

Another illustration of this is found in the morbid desire which many people evince to see cases of malformation and monstrosities. To their vitiated tastes the most perfect human form or the most exquisite triumph of the sculptor's art possesses no such attractions as the Siamese twins or the bearded woman. Physical evil has become good in their eyes, and they find beauty only in ugliness and deformity.

A MORE AGREEABLE SIDE.

There is still another side to this question, more agreeable, but none the less illustrative of the general truth of the proposition, that acquired tastes are stronger than the natural disposition. We refer to the taste for the luxuries and elegances of life, whether in the matter of eating and drinking or in those more intellectual matters of personal adornment, of home beautifying, of book collecting and all the other varied developments of æstheticism. No one ever heard of an excess in eating caused by simple food. The man is yet to be born who will surfeit himself on bread and water. In those primitive countries where the women wear an apron of bark or leaves and the men do not, no one ruins himself in tailor's bills, nor where the family mansion is a hut or wigwam is the proprietor forced into bankruptcy by the dealer in rare books or art treasures. Their simple and natural tastes do not lead them into reckless extravagance in the matter of wood carvings or old china or artistic decorations. All these things are the outgrowth of civilization and are purely artificial wants. There is no intrinsic difference in useful qualities between tweed and broadcloth, or between calico and satin, and yet the taste for the more costly material is all but universal, and too often indulged at the cost of credit and comfort, and sometimes of reputation.

Under these conditions the partition wall between wants and needs often gets broken down, and the distinction disappears. The strength of the acquired taste is so great as to overshadow the perceptions and obliterate the difference between real necessities and those that are only imaginary, and in consequence life is made miserable by the struggle for the unattainable and the energies of a lifetime are wasted in striving to satisfy wants that are purely artificial.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Finger Nails in England.

The American hand is smaller than the English hand, but the nails are not as handsome. The English nails are almost universally rosy and shell like, and, cut to a rounded, slightly tapering point, kept always scrupulously clean. The skin at the base is pushed back to show the onyx, a little white half moon. The onyx is carefully cultivated and polished by the creoles of New Orleans, to show that they have no black blood in their veins. No matter how fair the complexion, the valuable insignia of pure blood is wanting to the octoroon if the onyx is clouded. With persons who employ a manicure the onyx develops every day more and more.

With those who are careless of this precious gem of a beautiful hand the onyx is sometimes completely hidden. It is always observable in a well kept English hand.

The American nail suffers from the dryness of our climate, as a foreign picture painted on panel suffers from the same cause.—New York World.

The Serpent Mound.

WINCHESTER, O., May 30.—The trustees of Harvard University, Massachusetts, Hon. G. F. Hoar, ex-Governor Winthrop, Professors Putnam, Heaton and others, have bought sixty acres of land in Bratton township, Adams county, on which is situated the famous serpent mound, paying therefor \$4,000. The party will make a National park of the tract. Improvements are already under way.

KANKAKEE, Ill., May 30.—Henry Lamareaux, who was arrested last week in Chicago on his confession of having murdered Policeman Frank Girard of this city, has been discharged. The evidence clearly proved that Lamareaux knew nothing of the case.

Almost a Bicentennial.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 30.—Yesterday at the Melchior ranch, near here, Senora Virga Alderaz celebrated her one hundred and eightieth (180th) birthday. She knew the patriot priest Hidalgo well. She yet retains her faculties in a wonderful degree.

Why Miamisburg is Excited.

MIAMISBURG, O., May 30.—At an early hour this morning gas was struck in the well near Hoover & Gamble's shops at a depth of four hundred feet, and is now blazing. The town is in a fever of excitement.

Terrific Boiler Explosion.

MEMPHIS, May 30.—The boiler of the Natchez cotton factory, at Natchez, Miss., exploded this morning at 4:45 o'clock. Many of the employees were killed and injured.

Belgian Enterprise in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 30.—A Belgian company has made a contract with the city government of the capital to build a number of market houses of iron.

WANTED.

NOTICE—Take your trunks and valises and hand-satchels coverings and repairs to GEORGE SCHNEIDER, the saddler. 174t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One Gaar Scott thresher. Run only a few years. Apply to G. F. BATEMAN, North Fork, P. O., Ky. m245

FOR SALE—One lot 7x388—north side of street railroad; near Mitchell's Chapel. Price, \$1,000. m246t DULEY & PEARCE.

FOR SALE—The Mineral Well Hotel and stables at Aberdeen. Lot 150x180 feet. Price, \$6,000. m246t DULEY & PEARCE.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, for small family. Apply to MRS. MATILDA HETEL, West Third street. m2745

FOR RENT—Thirty-five acres of Blue Grass near Lewisburg on farm of John Gabby, deceased. Apply to G. F. BATEMAN, North Fork P. O. m246t

FOR RENT—House, 3 rooms. Entire street. m246t DULEY & PEARCE.

FOR RENT—A two-story brick residence on Vine street containing seven rooms. Apply to R. F. MEANS. t

STRAYED.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Saturday, May 21, a black Shepherd pup. Brown legs and white stripe on forehead. About three months old. Liberal reward for return of same to O. KIRK, Maysville, Ky. 74t

LOST.

LOST—Sunday, a baby ring with three sets. Finder will please return to this office.

LOST—On Saturday afternoon between L. Hunt's dry goods store and the ferry-boat a small gold ear-ring—shape of a pine apple. The finder will please leave at the BULLETIN office. m3042t

LATEST.



GLORIOUS VICTORY!

Joyful tidings to the thousands: the Mammoth Furniture Store of HENRY ORT offers a large stock of Bran New Styles, at prices on

MODERN

CHAMBER SUITS,

Latest Styles of Parlor Work, Folding Bed Lounges and Beds, Sideboards, Bookcases, Wardrobes and all other articles in the line of

Household FURNITURE,

that will make it interesting to buyers. Our trade is increasing, and to make it boom, we have made prices to suit the times. We carry a large stock, and are the drivers of low cash prices. Come and see; we will treat you right. Remember, square dealing at

THE HENRY ORT

FURNITURE STORE,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

REJOICE!

—AND BE GLAD—

Hard Times Made Easy.

FIFTY CENTS MADE TO TAKE THE PLACE OF A DOLLAR, AT HILL'S.

20 lbs. good, Brown Sugar.....\$1 00
25 lbs. good, Family Flour.....50
1 lb. fine, Mixed Tea.....40
1 lb. Choice Roasted Coffee.....25
Matches, 600.....5
Something new: Pulverized Coffee, only 25 cents per pound.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE—I offer for sale all of my real estate in this city on Fourth and Grant, or Hancock streets. It has a fine front on both streets, and is bounded by an alley on the east. There are two houses on the property—a brick house fronting on Fourth, and the frame house in which I live. I will sell together, or in parcels to suit the purchasers. For terms, call on Wadsworth & Son, or the undersigned. m246w CALISTA A. CARRELL.

THE NATIONAL

Benefit Society

—OF THE—

CITY OF NEW YORK,

32 Liberty Street.

GEORGE MERRILL.....President
FRANK DELANEY.....Secretary
DAVID SMITH, A. M., M. D.....Medical Director

Banks of Deposit:
CORN EXCHANGE BANK,
FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST CO.

This well-known and prosperous company, organized under the laws of the State of New York, having secured a large and rapidly increasing membership, furnishes each member with guaranteed life insurance at cost, has resolved to adopt a new and special feature that has not yet been adopted by any Life Insurance Company in this country. This feature consists of classifying in one section all members who are

TOTAL ABSTAINERS

from the use of intoxicating beverages. In England there are several Life Insurance Companies that make a specialty of insuring the lives of total abstainers, and their experience demonstrates the fact that

The Rate of Mortality

IS ONE-THIRD LESS

among Total Abstainers than it is among any other class of persons insured. The experience of the United Kingdom Temperance and General Provident Institution of England, extending over a period of forty-five years, shows

AN ADVANTAGE IN FAVOR OF
TOTAL ABSTAINERS OF
33 PER CENT.

In the rate of mortality. Other companies have experienced similar results. The NATIONAL BENEFIT SOCIETY has determined to give to the total abstainers of this country an opportunity to secure to themselves the full benefits of the total abstinence principles, so far as they affect the matter of Life Insurance. They have therefore formed a

Temperance Section

into which all the total abstainers will be grouped. All accounts will be kept distinct from the general business of the Company, and the members in the temperance section will be assessed to pay only the losses that occur in that section. By this arrangement the total abstainers have the full benefit of the less rate of mortality experienced among the temperance men; this being, as shown by experience, one-third less than it is among the average persons insured.

THE COST OF INSURANCE WILL
BE ONE-THIRD LESS,

and thus a practical illustration is given of the immense advantages accruing to those who lead a strictly temperate life.

This company also does a

General Life Insurance

business in addition to this temperance section. my24dlw-13tw

>PURE<

DISTILLED WATER

-ICE-

MAYSVILLE

Artificial ICE Company.

Orders left at Factory or with Wagons will receive prompt attention.

MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.,

19 Market Street.

CROCCERS.

Call and see us if you want cheap Groceries.

Good Brooms, 10c; Good Washboards, 10c; No. 1 and 2 Tubs, 40 and 50c.

Fine Teas at 40, 50, 60 and 70c; Prime Coffee at less than Eastern cost; Sugar at less than value. Goods must be sold in thirty days. MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.

G. M. WILLIAMS,

Dentist.

OFFICE: Third street, west of Market, next door to Dr. James Shackelford's.

MISS CLARKE, Fashionable

Dressmaker,

Second street, next door to Kackley's photograph gallery; entrance through Charles H. White's residence. Dresses cut and fit to order. Prices reasonable and work promptly done. m191m

It soon brings into healthy play The torpid liver day by day And regulates the System From crowding food to sole of shoe. It cures the Piles, it opens pores, Lost appetite it soon restores. Wise families throughout the land Keep TARRANT'S SELTZER near at hand.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 30, 1887.

DECORATION DAY.

[The following was handed to us with the statement that it was written by May Galla-her, aged seven, of Clinton, Ohio. We do not vouch for the authorship.]

Bring flowers, sweet flowers, the poet said,
The lingering echo is not dead;
Through great highways o'er bounding waves,
Bring flowers to deck a million graves.

Bring roses red, and lilies white,
For fallen heroes in the fight,
For soldier boys we loved so well,
Plant magnonette and immortelle.

The leaders brave who faced the foe,
Full many, many sleep below,
For such green mounds or granite tomb,
Bring balmy flowers in all their bloom.

Yes, North and South and East and West,
Where'er a soldier lies at rest,
Whether the "blue" or whether the "gray,"
Strew dewy garlands on this day.

You who can give but your small mite,
Bring from the fields the daisies white,
Sweep butter cups and golden rod
To strew upon the sacred sod.

Bring flowers, sweet flowers, from far and near,
Oh, men and maids and children dear,
Remember well our Nation's braves;
Bring flowers to deck a million graves.

SARATOGA CHIPS at cost—20 cents—at
Calhoun's.

COOKED, canned meats, cheap and saves
labor. At G. W. Geisel's.

T. F. KIFF is announced to deliver a
temperance lecture at Mt. Olivet to-night.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY cures
when every other so-called remedy fails.

LEXINGTON pays Fayette County at the
rate of \$75 a year for each city pauper
kept in the Infirmary.

BEN. F. THOMAS graduated from the
Cincinnati Law School last week. He
was one of the four highest in a class of
seventy-two.

The Magistrates and Constables elected
in August last must qualify and enter
upon the duties of the office on the first
Monday in June.

The contractors have something over
one hundred piles yet to drive on Front
street. They are to be put down between
Short and Lower.

JOHN SHELTON and Lyda B. Hines, of
Concord, were married yesterday by
Squire Beasley, and were stopping at the
Grand View last night.

JOHN CALLAHAN, a venerable inmate of
the city alms house, died yesterday morn-
ing at 5 o'clock. His remains will be
buried at Washington to-day.

MISS ANNA and LIDA BURGESS, daugh-
ters of Squire Burgess, of Fern Leaf, will
graduate at the commencement exercises
of Madison Female Institute this week.

BOHEN, the railroad contractor who met
with an accident at Dover, Friday,
is not injured as badly as at first reported.
His left leg is fractured above the knee.
He is in the hospital at Cincinnati.

FRANK ROYSE, an employee of Landolph,
the contractor for the pile driving along
Front street, came up this morning from
Cincinnati, where he has been laid up
for three weeks with a broken rib.

R. N. BROOKS, late of Knoxville, Tenn.,
has taken charge of the Minerva 'bus,
having purchased it from S. E. Pollitt.
Mr. Pollitt, it is said, will attend lectures
next fall at the Ohio Medical College.

W. T. COLE, son of Judge A. E. Cole,
is one of a class of four or five who will
graduate, June 8th, from the Kentucky
 Wesleyan College at Millersburg. "Vic-
toria's Jubilee" is the subject of his
graduating address.

The crop of sweet-girl-graduates is
larger than ever this year. Our ex-
changes fairly teem with commencement
exercises. There is a steady demand for
flowers for these occasions, and the flor-
ists are consequently happy.

Young or middle-aged men suffering
from nervous debility, loss of memory,
premature old age, as the result of bad
habits, should send 10 cent stamps for
illustrated book, offering sure means
of cure. Address World's Dispensary
Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The base-ball game between the East
and West End nines Saturday afternoon
resulted in a victory for the West End
team, the score standing twenty-seven to
seventeen in their favor. The success of
the club is greatly due to the fine left
fielding done by Mr. Will Stockton.

MR. D. HECHINGER, the clothier, desir-
ing to make it as pleasant as possible for
persons visiting his store, secured the ser-
vices of the "Italian band" Saturday
evening, and had them comfortably quar-
tered in the second story of his clothing
house, discoursing sweet music until the
close of business.

ANOTHER "SYNDICATE."

Maysville Citizens Secure a Fran-
chise for a Street Railway at
Muncie, Ind., and will
Build at Once.

Messrs. W. W. Ball and A. M. Camp-
bell have been visiting Muncie, Ind.,
quite frequently in the past month or two,
and their visits have not been for the sole
purpose of inspecting the natural gas
wells at that place, either. At Muncie
they found a wide-awake city of about
10,000 inhabitants. The place was en-
joying a boom on account of the big gas
wells that had been sunk, and which are
flowing millions of feet of gas daily.
Real estate was in demand, and specula-
tion in that branch of business was the
main thing that engaged most every-
body's attention.

But there was one thing Messrs. Ball
and Campbell did not find at Muncie.
There was no street railway. Believing
that such an enterprise would pay in such
a city, they set to work to secure a franchise
for one. They interested some of their
friends here at Maysville in the under-
taking, and in addition to this secured
the active co-operation of several of the
most prominent citizens of Muncie.
There were two or three other "syndi-
cates" after the franchise. The Mays-
ville people, however, got there in good
style, but only after a hard fight.

At a meeting of the City Council of
Muncie last Thursday night the ordinance
granting the franchise was passed under
a suspension of the rules. It reads that
"consent, permission and authority are
hereby given and granted to and duly
vested in A. M. Campbell, W. W. Ball
and L. W. Robertson and their asso-
ciates, and their successors or assigns, to
be known as the Muncie City Railway
Company, to construct, lay down and
operate a single or double track rail-
way, with first-class equipments for the
transportation of passengers, freight,
baggage, packages, &c., with the right
to construct and lay down all necessary
and convenient tracks, turnouts, switches
and sidetracks, in, on, along and over the
streets and alleys of said City of Muncie,
State of Indiana, and also to connect the
car stables with the tracks, and also the
right to construct and lay down the
necessary curves to make connection with
the tracks at the different junctions and
crossings of any street along the line of
said railroad, and to keep, maintain, use
and operate thereon railway cars and
carriages, by horse power, electricity or
cable system, for the full period of twenty-
five (25) years from and after the passage
of this ordinance."

The ordinance requires the parties
within thirty days to form a corporation
with a capital of not exceeding \$100,000,
to own and operate said road, and it also
requires that as much as four miles of
the road shall be in operation by August
1st, 1888. The company is required to
execute bond in the sum of \$5,000 to
keep streets between the rails in good re-
pair.

It is the intention of the parties inter-
ested to form the corporation at once. It
will require \$50,000 to build and equip
the road, we are informed, and no trouble
is expected in securing this amount.
We might add that there are quite a
number of Maysville people not men-
tioned above, who are interested in the
matter.

Barn Burned.

Pat. Quinn, living near North Fork
bridge, had his barn destroyed by fire
Saturday night. Twenty thousand pounds
of tobacco belonging to himself and a col-
ored man, named Nelson Green, and all
of his farming implements were burned.

She's Almost Ripe.

The Owensboro Messenger says: "Of
all sad days in the glad new year, the
saddest are those that are almost here,
when the giddy girl in the cheese-cloth
gown, in the city, the country and back-
woods town, comes teetering out in the
footlight's flare, and, with simpering
voice and vacant stare, delivers herself
in the tomb-like hush of a silly lot of
commencement gush. But away, these
tears of vain regret, there's a basket here
—'twill be used—yon bet."

Hon. W. H. Wadsworth.

Hon. W. H. Wadsworth arrived home
from Minneapolis by the steamer Bonan-
za, Saturday night. His many friends
will be gratified to learn that he reached
here in moderately good health, although
he will need quiet and rest for several
days before he is fully restored. He was
accompanied by Mr. Eugene Robinson
and Mrs. Jno. M. Stockton.

Mr. Wadsworth was in the midst of his
speech when he was suddenly taken sick
with heart trouble. He came near faint-
ing away and was only prevented from
falling to the floor by some one near him.
Medical aid was summoned immediately
and every attention rendered. The Nei-
son will case has attracted general at-
tention over the country. The best legal tal-
ent be found was engaged on either side.
Mrs. Stockton will appeal the case.

There was one addition to the Metho-
dist Episcopal Church last night.

Marshal Ed Whitaker Dead.

A dispatch was received by Nelson
Whitaker this morning announcing the
death of his brother, Marshal Ed Whit-
aker, at Georgetown, O., at 11 o'clock last
night. The BULLER's readers are ac-
quainted with the particulars of the mur-
derous assault upon Marshal Whitaker at
that place Monday, May 23rd, by Henry
Bascom Campbell, who waylaid him and
fired the contents of an old musket into
his right side. The physicians gave no
hopes from the first, and the Marshal's
death had been hourly expected for sev-
eral days. The deceased was a native of
New Hampshire, having been born at
West Lebanon on the 29th of May, 1830.
He served in the Confederate army, hold-
ing the rank of Captain in J. S. Price's
company. His wife, who was a Miss
Higgins, and two children, a son and
daughter, survive him.

The Georgetown Gazette says: "Mar-
shal Whitaker held his office longer than
any other man who ever resided there,
and was the only man who ever was able
to preserve order in the place. He was
a holy terror to the element who are gen-
eral disturbers, and while he may have
had enemies who hated him because he
did his duty, yet the whole community
are in a state of mourning."

Funeral services and burial will take
place this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

FAYETTE COUNTY hasn't any work-house
and the County Judge has been author-
ized to contract with the authorities of
Lexington for the working of persons con-
victed of misdemeanors in the work-
house of that city.

THE unpleasant sensation to delicate
eyes, experienced after reading or work-
ing for a considerable time, especially by
artificial light, is entirely obviated by
using Diamond Spectacles—every pair
warranted or money refunded. For sale
by Ballenger, jeweler.

MAYOR E. E. PHARCE has returned from
a stay of several weeks at Hot Springs,
Ark., and has resumed his duties at the
court house, much improved health.
During his absence, His Honor, Squire
Grant, occupied the Mayor's chair, giving
general satisfaction and making it warm
for penal offenders.

JOHN BENNETT, who has been bossing
a force of hands at a rock quarry a short
distance above the Ripley ferry-landing,
skipped out the other day, taking with
him \$118 in cash and a silver watch. He
had been sent the money to pay the
hands off with, and the watch belonged
to another party. His present where-
abouts are unknown. Bennett is the
party who was so badly shot and wounded
by Charles Ramsey about one year ago,
for which offense Ramsey is now serving
a term in the "pen."

Personal.

S. Simon is on a business trip to Kan-
sas City.

Miss Anna Knox returned this morn-
ing from a visit at Newport.

County Clerk Bail and L. W. Robert-
son, Esq., returned Saturday from Mun-
cie, Ind.

Miss Emma Cabbish, telegraph op-
erator at Vanceburg, is visiting her uncle,
F. H. Traxel.

Arthur Glascock arrived home this
morning from a three weeks' sojourn at
Bloomington, Ill.

John L. Shuff, of Jacksonville, Fla., is
visiting Dan Henderson, the popular Sec-
ond street druggist.

Harry Reynolds, formerly of this city,
but now residing in Cincinnati, is visiting
his father, I. N. Reynolds, of Chester.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Henry and family
spent yesterday with relatives at Ripley,
returning home this morning on the St.
Lawrence.

Mrs. Dr. Irelakd, of Cincinnati, is vis-
iting friends here before going to the
mountains of Tennessee, where she with
her husband, will spend the summer.

A. M. Campbell arrived this morning
from Muncie, Ind. He expects to re-
turn to that city in a few days to look
after the "syndicate's" railway and real
estate interests.

Miss Etta Power, who has been visit-
ing relatives in this city and vicinity for
some time, left to-day for her home at
Sandoval, Marion County, Ill. She was
accompanied by her uncle, Thomas Kerr,
who will spend several weeks at that
place.

RIVER NEWS.

The Louis A. Shirley and Boone are
due down this afternoon.

Stationary at headwaters, but rising
slowly at some of the intermediate points.

The Bonanza is the 6 p. m. packet and
the Big Sandy the midnight packet for
Cincinnati.

The Pomeroy packet, Bostona, and the
Pittsburg packet, Scotia, are due up to-
night.

Shackleford's Pharmacy.

Most attractive store in town—in "Cox
Building." Fine old wines and liquors
for medical purposes. Pure drugs,
Toilet articles in great variety.

A Lucky Man's Gratitude Expressed.

WRIGHTSVILLE, Pa., April 5th.
Editor of Pilot, Boston, Mass.: Thirty-five
years ago the Pennsylvania canal boat-
men would boat all summer on the canals,
and steamboat on the Ohio and Missis-
sippi rivers in the winter. I never
thought then, when I boated between
Pittsburg and New Orleans, that I should
draw on March 15th from the Louisiana
State Lottery \$15,000. God is good, I
thank Him for the great favor. I also
thank the officers of the Louisiana State
Lottery for sending me the lucky ticket,
No. 66,551. It only took days from the
day I sent my ticket until I got the
money. Yours, with very great respect,
THOMAS FALVEY.

—Boston (Mass.) Pilot, April 16th.

Masonic Notice.

Members of "Knights Templar Club"
will please meet in the reception room,
Masonic Temple, Monday night, May
30th, at 7:30 o'clock. Business that must
be attended to.

JOHN H. HALL, President.
G. W. ROGERS, Secretary.

D. Hunt & Son's stock of dress goods,
Scotch zephyrs and satens are acknowl-
edged to be the finest ever seen in this
city. See them. m8tf

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts,
bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever
sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains
corns, and all skin eruptions, and
positively cures piles, or no pay required.
It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfac-
tion, or money refunded. Price 25 cents
per box. For sale by J. C. Pecor & Co.

See our cheap counter. Our lot of fine
and cheap cassimeres, for men and boys, at
cost, to close out. W. W. Houton.

ROYAL

BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of pur-
ity, strength and wholesomeness. More eco-
nomical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot
be sold in competition with the multitude of
low test, short weight alums or phosphate
powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAK-
ING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

PRINTING, all kinds, this office.

HERMANN : LANGE, : THE : JEWELER,
Respectfully invites you to call, when vis-
iting Cincinnati, at 17 ARCADE.

MINER'S

\$3.00 SHOE \$3.00

For
Gentlemen
are the



Finest
Quality
of Tannery
Calf.

Best of All

Dongola Tops. Very Stylish. Crimped Tops. Seamless.
Perfect Fitting. Worked Button Holes.

Button, Bals, Congress.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

Miner's Shoe Store.
HOPPER & MURPHY.

:: JEWELRY, ::

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware.

We have the exclusive sale of Dr. JULIUS KING'S SPECTACLES, which are pronounced
by competent opticians the best in the market. Repairing Fine Watches a specialty. No.
43 Second street, Maysville, Ky.

BARGAINS

— I N —

FRESH DRY GOODS

Beautiful lines of Dress Goods at 15, 20 and 25c., in Check, Stripe and Plain.
These are extra value and have been sold at 20, 25 and 35c.

A big job in All-Wool Checked Dress Goods, thirty-six inches wide; have been
sold at 65c., now 45c.

An elegant line of Embroidered Gingham Suits only \$2.

Cream Belted Suits, embroidered in colors, very handsome, only \$3.

Sun Umbrellas and Parasols in great variety, from 50c. to \$5; Fans, new and
beautiful styles, from 5c. up.

Children's Regular-made Hose, 15 and 20 cents per pair.

Special prices on Domestic Goods: Gingham, 5c. per yard; Prints, 4 and 5c.
per yard; good, yard-wide Brown Muslin, 6c.; Bleached Muslins from 5c. up.

REMEMBER that our prices are always the LOWEST.

BROWNING & CO.,

No. 3 East Second St.,

Maysville, Kentucky.

THE FRENCH SITUATION.

DIFFICULTY EXPERIENCED IN FORMING A NEW MINISTRY.

M. Clemenceau, as Premier, and General Boulanger as Minister of War, believed to be the only available men—Various Other News From the Cable.

PARIS, May 30.—In his second effort to form a ministry M. M. Rouvier is meeting with less encouragement than attended his first attempt. M. M. Rouvier and Lockroy, whose assistance M. Rouvier confidently relied upon, who he expected would accept the positions of ministers of posts and telegraph and minister of commerce, have respectively informed M. Rouvier that under no circumstances would he consent to join a cabinet that did not contain Gen. Boulanger as minister of war. There seems to be nothing left for M. Rouvier to do in the circumstance except to give notice to President Grevy a second time of the absolute hopelessness of his undertaking.

Precisely how long M. Grevy, if left to himself, would pursue his obstinate policy of urging the charges on three or four impossibilities to the exclusion of the only available man in France (M. Clemenceau), in the present emergency will probably never be known, as it is evident from the temper of the public that he must soon give way to reason and a sense of the welfare of the republic. The bourse is very much depressed under the delay in forming a government, and financiers and capitalists are joining with tradesmen and manufacturers in denouncing the president's course. The increasing stagnation of business during the last week has been most noticeable, and the clamor of those engaged in commerce for relief has extended beyond the confines of commercial circles to persons in all walks of life.

The action of the presidents of the three Republican groups in urging upon M. Grevy the removal of Gen. Boulanger from the war office, created wide spread excitement and indignation, and by common consent, the authorship of the movement was ascribed to W. Jules Ferry. So strong a hold did this belief take upon the public that M. Ferry was moved by the menacing aspect of popular feeling, to indite a public letter disclaiming any participation in the scheme, and denying that he was ever aware of the matter until the announcement was made through the press that the presidents had visited M. Grevy and stated that the nature of their errand.

Each succeeding days delay in setting up a ministry serves to increase the popularity of M. Clemenceau and Gen. Boulanger to emphasize the demand that both be members of the new cabinet, the one as premier and the other as minister of war, and wagers are freely offered with few takers, that M. Clemenceau will be invited to form a government within twenty-four hours.

Terrible Mine Disaster.

GLASGOW, May 30.—A terrible explosion occurred today in the Uddon pit, Blantyre. The shaft leading to the pit is entirely choked up with debris, entombing 230 miners.

Forty-five of the entombed miners have been rescued from the upper seam in the Uddon pit. One of them was dead when brought up, and all the others were suffering more or less from the effects of fire damp and the shock occasioned by the explosion. Access to the lower seam is still blocked and the lives of the 140 miners who were working there at the time of the explosion are despaired of.

Uddon is situated in one of the roughest mining districts in Scotland. Miners hurried from the surrounding pits to help rescue the unfortunate men. The mouth of the pit is surrounded by weeping women and children. The explosion occurred in the lowest seam, where seventy men were working, all of whom it is feared have perished.

Later—The rescue volunteers now hear shouts from the entombed men in the middle seam crying, "Come help us quickly." Thereupon the volunteers went frantically to work, soon bringing out five dead miners, and are rapidly clearing the space between them and their unfortunate brethren.

Situation on the Balkans.

LONDON, May 30.—The British press discussing the speech of the Emperor of Austria to the Hungarian diet are disposed to regard his remarks as indicating that the situation in the Balkans far from being in a fair way of settlement is more critical than ever. The opinion is generally expressed that the Bulgarian sobranie must speedily elect a Prince of Bulgaria who shall be acceptable to the powers and whom the people of that country will sustain. The regency has done nothing for Bulgaria, nor has it by any of its acts inspired confidence in itself at home or abroad, and it is argued that a legitimate and strongly constituted government must be set up without delay in order to remove Russia's pretext, is daily becoming more plausible for occupying the country to prevent anarchy.

Anglo-Turkish Convention Denounced.

PARIS, May 30.—M. Jean Lemoinne, the eminent political writer and life senator of France, writes to Le Matin denouncing the Anglo-Turkish convention respecting the occupation of Egypt as farcical and disingenuous. England, he says, has no intention of surrendering her hold upon Egypt, but on the contrary intends to take advantage of the saving clauses of the treaty to strengthen her position there. He is of the opinion that the agreement will not be ratified by the powers, and warns France against consenting to any arrangement by which England is given opportunity to create "dangers internal and external" and thus indefinitely occupy Egypt under the pretext of defending that country.

Tax Collector Assaulted.

DUBLIN, May 30.—In the Arran Isles, County Galway, a tax collector escorted by a force of police, was set upon by the peasantry and badly beaten and stoned. The police fired upon the crowd, wounding several, but none very seriously. Several of the police were struck with stones.

The Brussels Strikers.

BRUSSELS, May 30.—The strikers held several meetings today. Red flags were displayed, and the Marseillaise was sung through the streets.

Archbishop Gibbons Will Sail for Home. DUBLIN, May 30.—Archbishop Gibbons will sail to-morrow for America on the Umbria.

NILES, O., May 30.—C. S. McCormick, aged thirty-three years, editor and proprietor of the Trumbull County Independent, and master clerk of the adjutant general's office at Columbus, died at his home here last evening of consumption.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a terse and Spley Manner.

Norfolk county, Virginia, elected a colored attorney.

Natural gas was struck at Middletown, O., at 240 feet.

Russia is driving German Jew merchants from Poland.

Governor Gray, of Indiana, has appointed J. L. Carson president of the board of benevolent institutions.

Over 400 dock-hands are on a strike at the Cleveland (O.) docks.

Three-fourths of Dakota will vote for prohibition next November.

H. P. Watson's dry goods store at Indianapolis damaged \$30,000 by fire.

Rev. Miss Olympia Brown Willis, leader of the Wisconsin women suffragists, is charged with ballot-box stuffing.

A young American, with plenty of money, is insane at a London hotel. His name is believed to be Gill, from Minneapolis.

The liabilities of the Wayne agricultural works, Richmond, Ind., are \$25,000, and the company is about to go to the wall.

Capt. W. S. White, Wichita, Kan., died one hour after marrying Miss Susanna Sebastian, to whom he left \$300,000.

Michigan will participate in the centennial celebration of the settlement of the northwest territory at Marietta, O., April, 1883.

The United States supreme court sustained President Hayes in restoring Gen. Benjamin P. Runnels to the army with \$15,000 back pay.

Contracts of convict labor are rapidly expiring in West Virginia and will not be renewed. Prisoners will hereafter work for the state.

Hetty Green, the richest woman in Wall street, will soon be pitted against C. F. Huntington in a law suit involving over \$1,000,000.

The torchlight procession and reception to Editor O'Brien at Montreal, Friday, was a great success. It closed the plucky Irishman's campaign.

John B. Green, superintendent of the big saw mill at Shrewsbury and postmaster at Stockholm, Ky., was sawed in twain yesterday. Accidental.

Nels Olsen, hired man, is suspected of murdering and feeding to hogs Miss Lillie Field, his employer's daughter, near Fergus Falls, Minn. Olsen is missing.

The Garfield club of Cincinnati, indorses John Sherman for president, and calls upon other Republican clubs in the state to assist in securing him the undivided and enthusiastic support of the whole delegation in the convention.

The general council of the Reformed Episcopal church in session in Philadelphia passed a resolution recognizing adultery as the only Scriptural ground for divorce, and forbidding ministers of the church to marry a person divorced on any other ground.

As the fast train west on the Pennsylvania road was nearing Kittanning Point the wheel of a car on a freight train east burst, and the car crashed into two passenger coaches with a terrible effect, killing instantly four men, fatally injuring two and slightly injuring many others.

BASE BALL.—Athletic 9, Cincinnati 6; Brooklyn 3, Louisville 5; St. Louis 5, Me's 1; Cleveland-Baltimore, prevented by rain; Philadelphia 8, Indianapolis 0; Pittsburgh 9, Washington 8; Detroit 11, New York 9; Boston 8, Chicago 3; Charleston 7, Nashville 6; Rochester 10, Buffalo 4.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Indications—Threatening weather, with light local showers except in western Ohio fair weather, slightly warmer, winds generally northerly.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for May 28.

New York—Money 3 3/4 per cent. Exchange steady. Government steady.

Currency rates, 100/4 bid; four coupons 120/4; four-and-halves 100/4 bid.

The stock market was extremely dull this morning. Only 6,320 shares changed hands from the opening until midday the closing hour.

The total of transactions was 67,000, however, and the final prices were 1/4 per cent. higher than those of last night. Reading was the most active stock and furnished 20 per cent. of the whole business. The bank statement published at 11:30 showed an increase of \$1,123,400 in surplus of reserve which had a favorable effect on the stock market.

Bur. & Quincy, 150 Mich. Central, 99 1/4 Canadian Pacific, 63 1/4 Missouri Pacific, 110 Canadian Southern, 63 1/4 N. Y. Central, 114 Central Pacific, 40 1/4 Northwestern, 124 1/4 C. O. & N. O., 45 1/4 Northern Pacific, 32 1/4 Del. & Hudson, 103 1/4 do preferred, 62 1/4 Del. Lack. & W., 137 1/4 Ohio & Miss., 30 1/4 Denver & R. O., 31 1/4 Pacific Mail, 54 1/4 Erie, 30 1/4 Reading, 60 1/4 Illinois Central, 107 1/4 Rock Island, 18 1/4 Jersey Central, 81 1/4 St. Paul, 93 Kansas & Texas, 37 1/4 do preferred, 120 1/4 Lake Shore, 97 1/4 Union Pacific, 63 Louisville & Nash., 64 1/4 Western Union, 77 1/4

Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, \$4.00 to \$4.30; family, \$3.75 to \$3.95.

WHEAT—No. 3 red, \$2.40 to \$2.50; No. 2, \$2.50 to \$2.60.

CORN—No. 3 mixed, 47c; No. 2 mixed, 48c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed, 24c to 25c; No. 2 mixed, 25c to 26c.

POULTRY—Family, \$1.40 to \$1.50; regular, \$1.35 to \$1.40.

LARD—Kettle, 6c to 7c.

BACON—Short, clear sides, 8c to 8 1/2c.

CHEESE—Prime to choice Ohio, 8c to 9c; New York, 10c to 11c.

POULTRY—Common chickens, \$1.75 to \$2.00 per dozen; fair to prime, \$2.25 to \$2.40; choice, \$2.50 to \$2.75.

DUCKS—1/2 to 3/4 grown, live turkeys, 50c to 60c.

WOOL—Unwashed medium clothing, 10c to 12c; fine medium, 12c to 14c; common, 10c to 12c; heavy washed medium clothing, 12c to 14c; counting, 30c to 35c; fine merino, 2c to 3c; XX, 2c to 3c; burr and coats, 10c to 15c; washed, 2c to 3c; pulled, 3c to 4c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$10.50 to \$11.00; No. 2, \$9.50 to \$10.00; mixed, \$8.50 to \$9.00; straw, 7c to 8c; wheat, 1c to 1 1/2c; and rye straw, 3c to 4c.

CATTLE—Good to choice cutters, \$3.50 to \$4.50; fair, \$2.75 to \$3.50; common, \$1.50 to \$2.50; steers and heifers, \$3.00 to \$4.50; yearlings and calves, \$2.50 to \$3.50.

HOGS—Select butchers, \$4.70 to \$5.00; fair to good packing, \$4.40 to \$4.70; fair to good light, \$4.20 to \$4.50; common, \$3.70 to \$4.00; Yorkers, \$4.00 to \$4.30; common, \$3.50 to \$3.80; pigs, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

SHEEP—Common to fair, \$2.25 to \$2.50; good to choice, \$2.50 to \$3.00; common to fair lambs, \$1.00 to \$1.50; good to choice, \$1.50 to \$2.00.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 90c; No. 2 red winter, 86c to 90c; June 92 1/2c.

CORN—No. 2 white state, 35c; No. 2, 37 1/2c.

OATS—No. 2 white state, 30c; No. 2, 31 1/2c.

HUGHS—No. 2, 5c to 5 1/2c per 100 lbs.

SHEEP—No. 3, 5c to 5 1/2c per 100 lbs. live weight.

CUTLERY—No. 1, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 2, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 3, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 4, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 5, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 6, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 7, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 8, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 9, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 10, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 11, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 12, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 13, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 14, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 15, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 16, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 17, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 18, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 19, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 20, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 21, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 22, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 23, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 24, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 25, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 26, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 27, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 28, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 29, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 30, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 31, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 32, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 33, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 34, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 35, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 36, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 37, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 38, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 39, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 40, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 41, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 42, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 43, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 44, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 45, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 46, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 47, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 48, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 49, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 50, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 51, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 52, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 53, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 54, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 55, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 56, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 57, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 58, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 59, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 60, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 61, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 62, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 63, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 64, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 65, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 66, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 67, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 68, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 69, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 70, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 71, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 72, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 73, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 74, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 75, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 76, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 77, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 78, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 79, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 80, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 81, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 82, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 83, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 84, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 85, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 86, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 87, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 88, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 89, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 90, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 91, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 92, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 93, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 94, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 95, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 96, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 97, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 98, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 99, 1c to 1 1/2c; No. 100, 1c to 1 1/2c.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Dull; nothing doing; all through country in order. Prime, \$4.00 to \$4.50; receipts, 100; shipments, 30.

HOGS—Fair; receipts, 1,000; shipments, 2,000; head; Philadelphia, \$3.50 to \$3.80; Yorkers, \$4.00 to \$4.30; common, \$3.50 to \$3.80; pigs, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

SHEEP—Slow; prime, \$3.00 to \$3.50; fair to good, \$2.50 to \$3.00; common, \$1.50 to \$2.50; lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.00; spring lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.50.

THERE'S BUT ONE LOWEST PRICE

If you want it, purchase from our Spring Stock—leading in Quantity Quality and Style. 5,000 yards of wide Hamburg Edgings at 8 cents per yard; five hundred yards very wide Hamburg Edgings at 12 1/2 cents per yard; new Satteens, new Gingham, new Seersuckers, new Worsted Dress Goods, new White Goods. A mammoth stock of Carpets, cheap. Floor Oil Cloths at 25, 30 and 35 cents per yard. Window Shades in great variety, and very low. Kid in all the new shades. Look at our Unlaundried Shirts at 45 and 48 cents. We can save you 10 cents on every yard of Carpet you buy from us.

J. W. Sparks & Bro.

No. 24 Market Street, THE CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

For the Next Ten Days at the

Bee Hive Cheap Store.

New Lawns, in endless variety, at 3 1/2, 4, 4 1/2 and 5c.
Organdy Lawns, lattice patterns, 10 and 12 1/2 cents, in Black and colors.
Plaid Nainsooks—ten pieces at 7 1/2 cents a yard.
Grandest assortment of Hamburg and Swiss Embroideries in Maysville.
Big job of 150 pieces extra wide handsome Hamburgs at 20 cents a yard, fully worth 45 and 50 cents; seventy-five pieces at 8 1/2 cents, worth 15 and 18 cents; fifty pieces at 15 cents, worth 25 and 30 cents; twenty-five pieces at 12 1/2 cents, worth 20 and 25 cents; large lot of narrower ones at 1, 2, 2 1/2 and 5 cents.
Large size, bound edges, Lace Pillow Shams at 20 cents, would be cheap at 40c.
Twenty pairs Lace Curtains, three yards long, at 90 cents a pair; better ones at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and upwards.
An All-wool, Tailor-Made, Plaited-Back Jersey, perfect fitting, only 95 cents, actually worth \$1.75.
All-Silk Mitts, 20 cents a pair, all shades.
A few dozen more of those handsome, Gold-bordered Window Shades, with all fixtures, 50 cents.
Three pieces fast Red Table Linen, full width, 25 cents per yard; White Table Linen 19 cents and up.
Children's Handkerchiefs, 1 cent.
Yard-wide, heavy muslin, 5 cents; good Gingham, 5 cents; good Calico, 3 cts.
One price, and all goods marked in plain numbers.

ROSENAU BROS.,

PROPRIETORS "BEE HIVE," SUTTON ST., NEAR SECOND.

FOR TEN DAYS, GREATEST BARGAINS OF THE SEASON.

100 dozen Spools Thread.....10c doz.
50 pieces Full Standard Prints.....10c yard
50 pieces Figured Lawns.....4c yard
50 dozen good Hose.....5c pair
25 dozen Extra Lisle Hose.....15c each
25 dozen Men's Gause Shirts.....25c each
100 pieces Linen Lace.....25c doz.
All other goods at correspondingly low prices.

McKrell's Cheap Store,

SUTTON ST., ONE DOOR BELOW POSTOFFICE.

J. BALLENGER.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, and JEWELRY, SPECTACLES.

FANCY GOODS.

BETTER THAN Whalebone or Horn

Patented Feb. 5, 1887.
Guaranteed NEVER to break.
MAYE, STROUSE & CO., 412 B'way, N. Y.
Manufacturers.
FOR SALE BY
Bamberger, Bloom & Co.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE.

Stylish, Durable, Easy Fitting. The best shoe in the world. W. L. DOUGLAS \$2.50 SHOE. Our \$2 shoe is the best shoe ever used by other firms.

SHOE FOR BOYS gives great satisfaction. All the above are made in Sutton, Congress and Lee, all styles of toe. Sold by 3,000 dealers throughout the U. S. If your dealer does not keep them, send name on postal to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. BEWARE OF FRAUD.—It has come to my attention that some unscrupulous dealers are offering other goods as mine, and when asked why my stamp is not on the shoe, state that I have discontinued its use. THIS IS FALSE. Take now represented to be the "W. L. Douglas shoe" unless name, warrant and price are stamped on bottom of each shoe. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. For sale by A. M. ROGERS, 41 Second Street.

ROBERT HESSET, PRACTICAL PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

DRY GOODS and NOTIONS.

I have always on hand a full supply of School Books, and have just received a large assortment of new millinery goods.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED! CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000.

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY. Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for educational and charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Semi-Annual Drawings every six months (June and December). We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimile of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lottery which may be presented at our counters. J. H. O'LEARY, Pres. La. National Bk. F. LANAUX, President State Nat'l Bk. A. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. National Bk. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union Nat'l Bank.

GRAND SEMI-ANNUAL DRAWING

in the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, JUNE 14, 1887, CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000.

100,000 tickets at \$20 each; halves, \$10; Quarters, \$5; Tenths, \$2; Twentieths, \$1.

List of Prizes.

1 PRIZE of \$300,000 is.....\$300,000
1 PRIZE of 100,000 is.....100,000
1 PRIZE of 50,000 is.....50,000
1 PRIZE of 25,000 is.....25,000
2 PRIZES of 10,000 are.....20,000
5 PRIZES of 5,000 are.....25,000
25 PRIZES of 1,000 are.....25,000
100 PRIZES of 500 are.....50,000
200 PRIZES of 300 are.....60,000
500 PRIZES of 200 are.....100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of \$500 approximating to \$500,000 Prize are.....50,000
100 Prizes of \$300 approximating to \$300,000 Prize are.....30,000
100 Prizes of \$200 approximating to \$200,000 Prize are.....20,000

TERMINAL PRIZES.

1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$300,000 Prize are.....100,000
1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$100,000 Prize are.....100,000
1,000 Prizes of \$100 decided by \$100,000 Prize are.....100,000

\$3,336 Prizes amounting to.....\$1,000,000

For Club Rates, or any further information, apply to the undersigned. Your handwriting must be distinct and signature plain. More rapid return and delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

Send Postal Notes, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed to